





# Improved results and positive development in key areas

- Profit before tax of DKK 36.2 million compared to DKK 12.3 million in 2012
- Solvency of 16.8% and individual solvency requirement of 11.6%, corresponding to 145% coverage
- Solid liquidity reserve of DKK 750 million
- Core earnings of DKK 99.1 million compared with DKK 81.2 million in 2012
- Loan impairment of DKK 67.1 million compared with DKK 69.2 million in 2012
- Loan growth of DKK 149 million in 2013
- Core profit in 2014 is expected to be in the range of DKK 100 110 million

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### Management's financial report for 2013

### Main activity

Skjern Bank's principal activity is offering bank products to private customers, corporate and institutional customers and public companies. The customers are primarily based in West and South Jutland and the Hellerup area north of Copenhagen. The bank wants to offer the customers a wide assortment of products combined with professional consulting.

### 2013 in brief

A profit before tax of DKK 36.2 million is satisfactory in light of the continued high level of impairment. Profits are significantly better than in 2012 in line with the bank's outlook for the year. The bank's development was generally deemed very satisfactory by the bank's management, who has approved the Annual Accounts for 2013 and notes that the bank is on the right track in the most important areas.

At the beginning of 2013, the bank expected a base profit in the interval of DKK 90 - 100 million. In the third quarterly report, the expectation was adjusted upwards to a range of DKK 95 - 100 million, which was realised as DKK 101.0 million before the underwriting commission to the state and DKK 99.1 million after the underwriting commission.

In 2013, the bank had repaid capital of a total of DKK 90 million and the bank is thus sufficiently padded and equipped for future regulatory capital requirements, with a capital adequacy ratio of 16.8. The individual solvency requirement is calculated in accordance with the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority's credit reservation method (the 8+ method) and amounts to 11.6%, therefore the bank has a capital coverage of 145%.

There were also targeted efforts in 2013 to maintain a solid liquidity based on stable customer deposits. This is why it is very satisfying to report that at the end of the year there was a deposit surplus of DKK 310 million. Customer deposit increases were DKK 203 million in 2013. In the course of 2013, the bank repaid state-guaranteed loans of a total of DKK 844 million and with the current liquidity reserve of 144.6%, corresponding to DKK 750 million, the bank is solidly padded. In 2013, the bank realised a major increase in core earnings from DKK 81.2 million in 2012 to DKK 99.1 million in 2013. The bank's profitability is positively affected by increased lending, rising fee income and falling interest expenses as a result of the large repayment of capital and state-guaranteed loans.

Compared to 2012, the bank's net interest and fee income increased by DKK 17 million, while the cost level was marginally reduced.

Impairment fell by DKK 2 million to DKK 67 million. This level is considered a high level by the management. Some of the impairments relating to the bank's identified weak commitments fell by DKK 12.8 million and amounted to DKK 58.2 million in 2013, compared with DKK 71 million in 2012. The rest of the impairments related to the bank's collective impairments, which are regulated based on the general community situation. In 2013, DKK 8.8 million was recognised as expenses and in 2012, DKK 1.8 million was recognised as income. Several of the bank's identified weak commitments have developed negatively in the course of 2013, but some commitments also showed small signs of improvement. Against this background, it is the management's assessment that the need for impairment in 2014 will be significantly lower.

The Supervisory Diamond, which is a benchmark for the status of the health of financial institutions, was calculated as of 31 December 2013 and shows that the bank is still within the established limit values in all five areas.

### **Expectations for 2014**

Based on the observed loan growth and the improved profitability, the bank is optimistic about 2014 and expects a marked profit in-crease compared to 2013.

The bank has established the strategic and profit-related goals for the coming year, of which the most significant are listed below.

Ambitious goals have been set for 2014 based on careful organic growth with a focus on strengthening the bank's position as an independent and local West and South Jutland bank that makes a difference in its local areas

The repressed Danish competitiveness and restrained domestic consumption discourage willingness to invest in both industrial and private consumers. Job creation in the bank's market area is expected to remain at its current level in 2014.

Private customers in the West and South Jutland areas have continued with a very robust economy, which is supported by relatively low and stable housing prices and general economic caution. The bank does not expect significant challenges in lending to private customers in 2014.

The bank has and always has had close ties to the agricultural industry, which represents a significant loan exposure. Over time, credit lending to the industry has been relatively unproblematic and has only led to loss for the bank to a limited extent. However, in 2013 a small number of commitments were settled for which continued operation was deemed futile. These commitments have contributed heavily to impairments for the year.

Although parts of the Danish agricultural industry have continued to suffer in 2013, the bank sees a clearly improved profitability in the sector compared to 2012. The trend is estimated to continue into 2014, when it is expected that a smaller number of farms will have difficulty achieving overall profitability. The bank will continue — out of loyalty and respect — and in close cooperation with individual farmers, to aim to find the best possible solutions to the challenges that may arise.

The bank has loans to agriculture of 12.2% of the total loans. As with any other business, the bank has made a careful review of agricultural commitments, which makes the management confident about these commitments.

The bank's activities are progressing well, based on the addition of new customers and particularly due to the fact that existing cus-tomers are increasingly entrusting more of their banking transactions to the bank

A focus on financing alternative energy has meant many new customer relationships. The share of loans so far, both for the con-struction of facilities and for end investors, is increasing and is also expected to be a significant business area for the bank in 2014.

There will be a focus on maintaining a balanced ratio between the total deposit and lending volumes, since the bank wants to stra-tegically promote independence from significant external funding.

Overall, 2014 is expected to lead to a moderate increase in the bank's business volume and increased activity in securities and the foreign sector. Interest expenses were reduced as a result of lower prices for the bank's high-interest deposits, while at the same time there are no expenses for state-guaranteed funding throughout 2014. A very important factor in recent years - impairment needs - are still expected to be considerable, but significantly lower compared to 2013, such that the profit before tax is expected to be at a significantly higher level than in 2013.

The bank expects core earnings in the range of DKK 100 – 110 million in 2014.

### Audit

The Danish version of the Annual Report for 2013 is equipped with internal audit statements and independent auditors' statement. The statements are without reservations and complementary information.



## **Endorsement of the Annual Report by the Management**

We have today discussed and approved the annual report for the period 1 January – 31 December 2013 for Skjern Bank A/S.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish legislation on financial activities, including executive order on financial reports for credit institutes and stock broker companies, etc. Furthermore, the annual report has been prepared in accordance with additional Danish requirements regarding information in annual reports for financial companies listed on the Stock Exchange.

We consider the accounting practice chosen to be appropriate so that the annual report gives a correct impression of the bank's assets, liabilities, financial position as at the 31st December 2013 and of the result of the bank's activities for the accounting year 1 January – 31 December 2013.

The management report includes a correct presentation of the development of the bank's activities and financial conditions together with a description of the material risks and uncertain-ties by which the bank may be affected.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the General Meeting.

Skjern, the 6th February 2014 Executed Board of Skjern BankA/S

> Per Munck / Thomas Baun Chief Financial Officer

Skjern, the 6th February 2014

The Board of Skjern Bank A/S

Hans L. Jeppesen Jens Okholm Chairman Vice-Chairman

Bjørn Jepsen Finn Erik Kristiansen Søren Dalum Tinggard Lars Skov Hansen / Lars Lerke

Pro	fit and loss account	2013	2012
Note:		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK1,000)
2	Interest receivable	249,506 89,001	262,374 109,368
	Net income from interest.	160,505	153,006
4	Dividend on shares and other holdings  Charges and commission receivable  Charges and commission payable.  Net income from interest and charges	8,231 66,794 4,933 <b>230,597</b>	5,414 61,215 5,919 <b>213,716</b>
_	·		
5	Value adjustments Other ordinary income	16,236 1,745	8,096 1,130
6	Staff costs and administrative expenses	131,117	132,557
	Depreciation and write-downs on intangible and tangible assets	4,047	3,709
	Other operating expenses total	9,834	5,292
	Contribution to the Guarantee Fund for deposits	9,127	4,843
	Other operating expenses	707	449
9 10	Write-downs  Profit on equity investments in non-affiliated and affiliated companies	67,073 -332	69,204
10	Result before tax	36,175	91 <b>12,272</b>
11	Tax	11,720	2,433
	Net-result for the financial year	24,455	9,839
Sta	tement of comprehensive income  Profit for the financial year  Other comprehensive income after tax  Total comprehensive income	24,455 0 24,455	9,839 0 <b>9,839</b>

Proposal for distribution of profit

Transferred to/from retained earnings .....

Total distribution of the amount available .....

### /

✓ SKJERN BANK

0

9,839

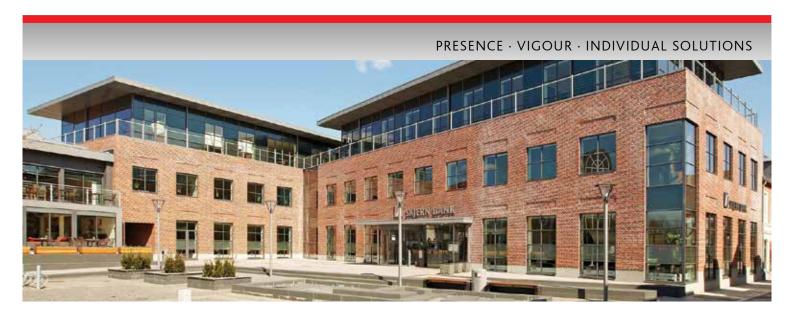
9,839

24,455

24,455

Bala	nce Sheet	2013	2012
Note:		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
Assets			
	Cash in hand and demand deposits with central banks	437,505	805,863
12	Receivables at credit institutions and central banks	16,573	22.094
13	Loans and other receivables at amortised cost	3,647,129	3,498,499
14	Bonds at fair value	824,171	1,270,360
15	Shares etc.	211,354	203,258
16	Holdings in associated enterprises	, 361	633
16	Holdings in group enterprises	3,171	3,233
17	Land and buildings (total)	66,889	69,429
	Investment properties	8,361	9,361
	Owner-occupied properties	58,528	60,068
18	Other tangible assets	6,517	8,276
19	Deferred tax assets	35,984	44,198
	Other assets	62,020	75,207
	Prepayments	6,308	3,430
	Total assets	5,317,982	6,004,480
Liabilit	ies		
	Debt		
20	Debt to credit institutions and central banks	416,006	399,806
21	Deposits and other debts	3,956,740	4,499,426
	Deposits	3,956,740	3,753,560
	Other debts	0	745,866
22	Bonds issued at amortised cost	3,051	102,640
	XXX	2,218	318
	Other liabilities	96,565	86,115
	Prepayments	444	197
	Total debt	4,475,024	5,088,502
	Provisions		
13	Provisions for loss on guarantees	0	10,517
	Total provisions	0	10,517
23	Subordinated debt		
23	Subordinated loan capital	199,201	223,475
	Hybrid core capital	70,000	135,000
	Total subordinated debt	269,201	358,475
		/	
24	Equity Share conital	102.000	102.000
24	Share capital	192,800	192,800
	Revaluation reserves	417	417
	Proposed dividend	0 380,540	0 353,769
			/
	Total equity	573,757	546,986
	Total liabilities	5,317,982	6,004,480

Info	ormation on changes in equity	2013	2012
Note:		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
24	Share capital beginning-of-year	192,800	22,560
	Share issue	0	170,240
24	Share capital end-of-year	192,800	192,800
	Revaluation reserves beginning-of-year	417	417
	Additions related to reassessed value	0	0
	Other movements	0	0
	Revaluation reserves end-of-year	417	417
25 25	Retained earnings beginning-of-year Profit or loss for the financial year Sale of own funds Purchase of own funds Costs share issue	353,769 24,455 24,187 - 21,871 0	357,740 9,839 7,123 -5,483 -15,450
	Retained earnings end-of-year	380,540	353,769
	Total equity	573,757	546,986



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### 1. Accounting Policies

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Financial Business Act, including the notes on financial reports for credit institutions and investment companies, etc. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with additional Danish disclosure requirements that apply to listed financial companies. The annual reports are presented in Danish kroner and rounded to the nearest DKK 1,000. The accounting policies remain unchanged since last fiscal year. In connection with the amendment of the notice of financial reports of credit institutions and investment companies, etc., on January 11, 2011, the bank has not fully applied the new notice for the Annual Report 2010. The bank has applied only § 93a, § 134 and § 129 for the presentation of the Annual Report 2010, even though the changes are only effective for Annual Reports filed on January 1, 2011 onward.

### General notes on recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised on the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic assets will come to the bank and the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when they are probable and can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. However, intangible and tangible activities at the time of initial recognition are measured at cost. Measuring after initial recognition is done as described below for each item.

The recognition and measurement methods take into account foreseeable risks and losses that arise before the Annual Report is presented, and which confirm or deny conditions that existed on the balance sheet date.

In the income statement, income is measured as it is earned, while expenses are recognised at the amounts that apply to the financial year. Increases in value in occupied properties are accounted for directly to equity.

Purchases and sale of financial instruments are recognised on the day of the trade, and the recognition ends when the right to receive/deliver the cash flows from the financial asset or liability expires, or if it is transferred, and the bank in all material respects has transferred all risks and rewards of ownership. The Bank has not applied the rules for reclassification of certain financial assets from fair value to amortised cost price.

### **Determination of fair value**

Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled in a trade under normal circumstances, and between informed, willing and non-related parties.

The fair value of financial instruments for which an active market exists is set at the closing price on the balance date, or, if there is no such price, another publicly available rate that can be assumed to be the closest equivalent.

For financial instruments where no active market exists, fair value is found using generally accepted valuation techniques based on observable current market data.

### **Accounting estimates**

When determining the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities, estimates are used with regards to how future events may affect the value of the assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date.

The estimates are based on assumptions which management believes

are reasonable, although not certain. Final actual results can therefore differ from the estimates, since the bank is exposed to risks and uncertainties which may affect them.

Areas involving a higher degree of assessments/assumptions and estimates include write-downs on loans and receivables, unlisted financial instruments, and provisions.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are listed at the Danish National Bank exchange rate on the balance sheet date.

Currency spot transactions are revalued at spot price on the balance sheet date.

Currency translation adjustments are made as needed throughout the income statement.

### Income statement

### Interest, fees and commissions, etc.

Income and expenses from interest are recognised in the income statement for the period to which they belong.

Interest received on loans in which a write-down has been made is listed for the written-own portion of the loan under the item "Impairment losses on loans and receivables", and is depreciated and deducted in the following year's write-downs.

Provision and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate on a loan are recognised as part of the amortised cost, and therefore as a proportion of interest income from loans.

Provisions and fees that are part of continuous service are accrued over the term.

Other fees and commissions, as well as dividends, are recognised as income when they are received.

### Staff and administrative expenses

Expenses for staff and administration include expenditure on wages and salaries, social charges, pension plans, computer costs etc.

### Pension plans

The bank has entered into defined pension plans with the majority of employees. For the plans based on contribution, fixed contributions are paid to an independent pension fund. The bank is under no obligation to make further contributions.

### Tax

Income tax for the year, which is made up of current tax and deferred tax expenses, is accounted for in the annual accounts with the portion attributable to the year's results, and directly to owners' equity for income that can be attributed directly to owners' equity.

Current tax payable, or unpaid current tax, is included in the balance sheet as tax calculated on the taxable income adjusted for prepaid tax.

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the book and tax values of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry forwards, are recognised in the balance sheet using the value that is expected to be realised, either against deferred tax liabilities or against net assets.

The bank is taxed jointly with all Danish companies where it has a controlling influence. Current Danish corporate tax is allocated between the jointly taxed Danish companies in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement for tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

### Dues with credit institutions and central banks

Receivables are measured at current value.

#### Loans

The "Loan" item consists of loans on which payment has been made directly to the borrower.

Loans are measured at amortised cost, which normally corresponds to the nominal value less front fees, etc., and write-downs for that have been incurred but not yet realised.

Loans, etc. are written down either individually or on a group basis when there is objective evidence suggesting inability to pay, resulting in a reduction in the expected future cash flows, established from an assessment of the most likely outcome.

For loans and receivables that are not individually written down, a collective assessment is made of whether the group is subject to an objective indication of impairment.

The group assessment is made based on groups of loans and receivables with similar credit risk characteristics. There are 11 groups divided into one group of public authorities, one group of residential customers and 9 groups of business customers, where the business customers are broken down by industry.

The group assessment is made by a segmentation model developed by the Association of Local Banks, which is responsible for its ongoing maintenance and development. The segmentation model determines the connection within each group between actual losses and a number of significant explanatory macroeconomic variables through linear regression analysis. The explanatory macroeconomic variables include unemployment rates, housing prices, interest rates, and number of bankruptcies/forced sales etc.

The macroeconomic segmentation model is basically calculated on the basis of loss data for the entire banking sector. The bank has therefore concluded that the model estimates accurately reflect the credit risk of the bank's lending portfolio.

For each group of loans and credits, an estimate is made which reflects the percentage of impairment associated with a given group of loans and receivables at the reporting date. By comparing the individual loan's current loss risk with the loan's original loss risk and loan loss risk at the beginning of the current accounting period, the individual loan's contribution to the collective impairment is found. Impairment is calculated as the difference between the carrying value and the discounted value of expected future payments.

Changes in impairment charges are regulated in the income statement under "Impairment of loans and receivables, etc."

### Bonds and shares etc.

Bonds and shares traded on a registered stock exchange are measured at market rate. The market rate is the official closing price on the balance sheet date.

Mortgages held to maturity are measured at amortised cost. Unlisted shares are taken at fair value on the balance sheet date. Value adjustments on bonds and equities are recognised in the income statement under "Adjustments".

### Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised and measured under the equity method, which means that investments are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value at the end of the year.

The balance sheet includes the bank's share of corporate profit.

### Land and buildings

Land and buildings include

- "Occupied properties", which consists of the properties from which the bank conducts banking activities, and
- "Investment property", which consists of all other properties owned by the bank.

Occupied properties are measured at revalued amounts, which is the fair value measured by the return method on 5-7 %, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised in the income statement. Reassessments are made so frequently that there are no significant deviations from fair value. Increases in occupied properties are revalued by the amount recognised in the revaluation reserve under equity. If an increase in the revalued amount is matched by an earlier fall, and thus is recognised in income in prior years, the increase is included in the income statement.

A decrease in the revalued value is included in the income statement, unless it is a reversal of previous revaluations.

Occupied properties are depreciated over 50 years on the basis of cost, adjusted for any value changes.

**Investment properties** are measured at fair value according to the return method.

Ongoing changes in fair value of investment property are recognised in the income statement.

### Other tangible fixed assets

Other tangible fixed assets, including assets used in operations, are recognised at cost.

Subsequently, other tangible assets and the conversion of leasehold improvements are valued at cost, less accumulated depreciation. A linear depreciation is carried out over 3-5 years on the basis of cost. Depreciation and impairment losses are recognised in the income

### Other assets

statement.

Other assets include outstanding interest and commissions, as well as the positive market value of derivative financial instruments.

### **Prepayment items**

Prepayments posted under assets include costs relating to subsequent financial years.

Prepayments posted under liabilities include prepaid interest and guarantee provisions relating to subsequent financial years.

# Amounts owed to credit institutions and central banks/deposits and other debt issued bonds/subordinated debt

These items are measured at amortised cost.

### Other liabilities

Other liabilities include due interest and commissions as well as the negative market value of financial instruments.

### **Provisions**

Commitments, guarantees and other liabilities whose size and timing are uncertain are recognised as provisions when it is probable that the obligation will require an outflow of the bank's financial resources, and the obligation can be reliably measured. The liability is determined as the present value of the costs that must be incurred to meet the obligation.

Guarantees are not measured lower than the commission received for guarantee accrued over the guarantee period.

### Treasury shares

Purchase and sales prices and dividends on shares are recognised directly under equity.

### **Derivative financial instruments**

All derivative financial instruments, including forwards, futures and options in both bonds, shares as currency and interest rate and currency swaps are measured at their fair value on the balance sheet date.

Adjustments are included in the income statement.

Positive market values are recognised under other assets, while negative market values are recognised under other liabilities.

### **Contingent obligations**

The bank's outstanding guarantees are reported under "Contingency obligations". Outstanding guarantees, which are believed to lead to a loss for the bank, are listed under "Provisions for losses on guarantees" and expensed in the income statement under "Impairment losses on loans and receivables".

### Financial highlights

Financial highlights are presented in accordance with accounting order requirements.

11000		<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000)
2	Interest income	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
	Receivables at credit institutions and central banks	47	1,366
	Loans and other receivables	237,774	247,138
	Loans (interest conc. the written-down part of loans)	-9,000	-9,200
	Bonds	18,518	21,266
	Other derivative financial instruments, total	-778	1,804
	Currency contracts	-778	1,184
	Interest-rate contracts	0	620
	Other interest income	945	0
	Total	249,506	262,374
3	Interest expenses		
	Credit institutions and central banks	1,225	1,396
	Deposits	70,159	76,069
	Bonds, issued	596	9,215
	Subordinated debt	17,014	22,683
	Other interest expenses	7	5
	Total	<u> </u>	109,368
4	Fees and commission income		
•	Securities trading and custody accounts	19,278	15,976
	Payment services	6,476	6,201
	Loan fees	22,209	21,970
	Guarantee commission	8,742	7,497
	Other fees and commission	10,089	9,571
	Total	66,794	61,215
5	Value adjustments		
J	Bonds	482	-745
	Total shares	14,220	5,451
	- Shares in sectorcompanies etc.	6,952	4,406
	- Other shares.	7,268	1,045
	Foreign currency	1,504	3,676
	Other financial instruments	30	-286
	Total	16,236	8,096
	As the bank essentially operates deposits and lending activity in its local areas, the division of market areas is not specified for notes 2-5.	2	
	No income or expenses are entered from genuine purchase or repurchase contracts in notes 2 and	3.	
6	Staff costs and administrative expenses		
	Salaries and remuneration of board of directors, managers etc.	2.020	2.020
	Board of managers (1 person)*	2,830	2,830
	Fixed fees Pension contributions	2,790 40	2,790 40
	Management board	697	606
	Audit Committee	50	50
	Committee of representatives	176	168
	Total salaries and remuneration of board etc.	3,753	3,654
	*The Board of manager has a company car		
	Board of Directors' remuneration		
	Hans Ladekjær Jeppesen	145	143
	Jens Okholm	133	131
	Bjørn Jespsen	93	77
	Finn Erik Kristiansen.	103	100
	Søren Dalum Tinggaard	77	0
	Lars Skov Hansen	103	100
	Lars Lerke	93	69
	Jens Christian Ostersen	0	19
	Metha Thomsen	0	17
	Total	747	656
			/

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Staff costs and administrative expenses (continued)	<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000)
Staff costs	60.210	F0 001
Wages and salaries	60,318	59,891
Pensions	6,751	6,739
Social security costs	869	776
Payroll tax	7,757	7,406
Total staff costs	75,695	74,812
Salary to special risk takers (6 persons in 2013, 6 persons in 2012)	4,705	4,627
Pensions to special risk takers (6 persons in 2013, 6 persons in 2012)	504	495
Other administrative expenses		
IT expenses	23,540	25,935
Rent, electricity, heating etc	4,453	4.177
Postage, telephony etc	1.201	1.607
Other administrative expenses	22,475	22,372
Total other administrative expenses	51,669	54,091
Total staff costs and administrative expenses	131,117	132,557

With reference to the conditions for participation in the second guarantee scheme for banks in Denmark, it should be noted that tax has been deducted from remuneration of the executive board in the amount of TDKK 1,415 in connection with the priliminary statement of taxable income for the 2013 accounting period. This is unchanged compared to the 2012 accounting period.

### Pension and severance terms for the executive board

The management receives 11% of salary grade 31 in annual pension, which is contribution-based through a pension company. Therefore, Skjern Bank has no pension obligations to the management, since there is regular payment to a pension company as indicated. Upon retirement, Skjern Bank pays a severance payment equivalent to 6 months' salary.

The management may retire at 62 years and must retire at 70 years in accordance with the applicable contract. Skjern Bank's notice period to the management is 36 months, but may be 48 months in special circumstances. The management's notice period to the bank is 6 months.

### The Board's pension terms

No pension is paid to the Board

### Special risk takers' pension terms

The special risk takers receive 11% of their respective salary grades in annual pen-sion, which is contribution-based through a pension company in which the payments are expensed continually.

Average number of employees during the financial year converted into full-time em	ployees	
Employed in credit institution business	122	122
Employed in other business	1	1
Total	123	123
Incentive and bonus schemes The bank does not have any incentive or bonus schemes.		

8	Audit fee

Total fee to the firm of accountants, elected by the annual meeting,		
that perform the statutory audit	966	2,068
Honorariums for statutory audits of financial statements	513	500
Honorariums for assurance services	295	20
Honorariums for services other than audits.	158	1.548

11010		<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000)
9	Write-downs on loans and receivables	, ,	
	Write-downs and provisions during the year	99,995	123,490
	Reversal of write-downs made in previous years	-28,535 5,799	-47,431 4 111
	Finally lost, not previously written down	-9,000	4,111 -9,200
	Recoveries of previously written off debt	-1,186	-1,766
	Total	67,073	69,204
10	Profit on equity investments in non-affiliated and affiliated companies		00,201
10	Profit on equity investments in non-affiliated companies	-271	224
	Profit on equity investments in affiliated companies	-61	-133
	Total	-332	91
11	Tax		
	Calculated tax of income of the year	3,278	317
	Adjustment of deferred tax	, 7,512	1,814
	Adjustment of tax calculated in previous years	930	302
	Total	11,720	2,433
	Tax paid during the year	1,060	430
	Effective tax-rate	(Pct.)	(Pct.)
	Current tax rate	25.00	25.00
	Non-deductible expenses and non-taxable income	-0.88	-7.94
	Adjustment of prior years' taxes	2.57	0.00
	Reduction in future tax rate	5.22	0.00
	Other adjustments	0.49	1.09
	Total effective tax rate	32.40	18.15
12	Receivables at credit institutions and central banks		
	Deposits with central banks	0	0
	Receivables at credit institutions	16,573	22,094
	Total	16,573	22,094
	Remaining period		
	Demand	15,463	19,781
	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	1,110	2,313
	Total	16,573	22,094
	No assets related to genuine purchase and resale transactions included.		
13	Loans and other debtors at amortised cost price		
	Remaining period		
	Claims at call	1,612,387	1,536,696
	Up to 3 months	58,628	29,517
	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	375,123	789,602
	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	673,327 927,664	681,311 461,373
	Total loans and other debtors at amortised cost price	3,647,129	3,498,499
	No assets related to genuine purchase and resale transactions included	3,047,129	3,436,433
	Individual write-downs and provisions	222 512	270 222
	Write-downs beginning of the year	223,512 91,499	278,332 115,390
	Reversal of write-downs made in previous years	-28,535	-47,431
	Write-downs in previous years - now lost	-65,029	-122,779
	Write-downs end of year	221,447	223,512
	Group write-downs and provisions	<u> </u>	
	Write-downs - beginning of the year	12,883	14,718
	Write-downs during the year	8,806	-1,835
	Group write-downs - end of year	21,689	12,883
	Total write-downs	243,136	236,395

More		<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000)
13	Loans and other debtors at amortised cost price (continued)		
	Guarantees Provisions beginning of the year	10,517	5,208
	Provisions beginning of the year	10,517	8,660
	Loss on guarantees	-10.000	0
	Transferred to liabilities.	-529	-3,351
	Guarantees end of year	0	10,517
	*) Provisions to the Guarantee Fund for deposits represents 0 TDKK in 2013 and 517 TDKK in 20112.		
	Loans etc. with suspended calculation of interest	187,895	189,831
	Loans and other debtors with an objective indication of impairment included in the balance sheet at a book value greater than zero		
	Individual written-down loan		
	Balance for loans and other debtors before write-downs	623,703	618,925
	Write-downs.	-221,447	-233,512
	Balance for loans and other debtors after write-downs	402,256	395,413
	Group written-downs loans		
	Balance for loans and other debtors before write-downs	3,266,562 -21,689	3,115,969 -12,883
	Balance for loans and other debtors after write-downs	3,244,873	3,104,086
	There are no write-downs of receivables from credit institutions, or any other receivables	5.	
14	Bonds at fair value		
	Mortgage credit bonds	656,713	1,128,519
	Other bonds	167,458	141,841
	Total bonds at fair value	<u>824,171</u>	1,270,360
	The bank has no held-to-maturity assets		
15	Shares etc	20.005	10.012
	Quoted on Nasdaq OMX Copenhagen A/S	29,095 14,024	19,912 10,923
	Quoted on other stock exchanges	166,211	162,409
	Other shares	2.024	10.015
	Total shares etc.	211,354	203,259
16	Equity investments in associated and affiliated companies	2013	2013
10	Equity investments in associated and armitated companies	Associated	Affliated
		companies	companies
		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
	Total cost price beginning-of-year	19,860	6,988
	Acquisitions during the year	0	0
	Reduction during the year	19,355	0
	Total cost price end-of-year	505	6,988
	Total write-ups/downs and depreciations beginning-of-year	-19,227	-3,755
	Result	0	-61
	Disposals during the year	-19,084	0
	Total write-ups/downs and depreciations end-of-year	143	-3,816
	Book value end-of-year	<b>362</b>	3,172
	of this credit institutions	0 633	3,233
	of this credit institutions	0	0 3,233
			,
	All agreements and transactions with affiliated undertakings is entered into on market te	erms.	

Note		<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000)
17	Land and buildings		
	Investment properties Fair value - end of previous financial year Acquisitions during the year incl. improvements. Disposals during the year Adjustment of fair value for the year Fair value end-of-year	9,361 52 0 -1,052 <b>8,361</b>	9,361 6 0 -6 <b>9,361</b>
	Owner occupied properties  Reassessed value - end of previous financial year	60,068 166 -935 -1,420 649 <b>58,528</b>	60,177 524 0 -1,420 787 <b>60,068</b>
18	Other tangible assets Total cost price beginning-of-year. Acquisitions during the year incl. Improvements Reduction during the year  Total cost price beginning-of-year	40,154 479 0 <b>40,633</b>	39,736 888 -470 <b>40,154</b>
	Total write-ups/downs and depreciations beginning-of-year.  Depreciations during the year.  Reversal of depreciations.  Total write-ups/downs and depreciations end-of-year	31,878 2,238 0 <b>34,116</b>	28,981 3,071 -174 31,878
	Book value end-of-year	6,517	8,276
19	Deferred taxation (Tax amount) Tangible assets Loans and other receivables Other. Other deficits carried forward. Total deferred taxation The activated deficit is expected to be utilised within the next 5 years.	1,164 1,843 -176 33,154 <b>35,984</b>	470 1,918 -353 42,163 <b>44,198</b>
20	Debt to credit institutions and central banks		
	Debt to credit institutions and central banks  Debt to credit institutions.  Total debt to credit institutions and central banks  Term to maturity  Demand  Over 3 months and up to 1 year  Over 1 year and up to 5 years  Total debt to credit institutions and central banks.	250,701 165,305 <b>416,006</b> 85,305 80,000 250,701 <b>416,006</b>	250,126 149,680 <b>399,806</b> 69,680 0 330,126 <b>399,806</b>
	No liabilities related to genuine sale and repurchase transactions included.		

Note		2013	2012
		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
21	Deposits and other debts		
	Demand	3,105,816	2,898,183
	At notice	18,818	18,174
	Time deposits	196,256	969,004
	Special types of deposits	635,850	614,065
	Total deposits and other debts	3,956,740	4,499,426
	Term to maturity	2 110 267	2.012.101
	Desposits redeemable at notice:	3,119,267	2,912,101
	Up to 3 months	97,685	809,613
	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	63,310	51,681
	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	211,279	261,118
	Over 5 years	465,199	464,913
	Total deposits and other debts	3,956,740	4,499,426
	No liabilities related to genuine sale and repurchase transactions included.		
22	Bonds issued at fair value		
	Term to maturity		
	Up to 3 months	1,700	1,648
	Over 3 months and up to 1 year	0	97,940
	Over 1 year and up to 5 years	1,351	3,052
	Total bonds issued at amortised cost	3,051	102,640
23	Subordinated debt		
	Supplementary capital DKK 25 mio.	0	25,000
	Rate	0%	2.876%
	Due date		01.11.2014
	The loan is repaid on 1st August 2013		
	Supplementary capital DKK 100 mio	100,000	100,000
	Rate	3.26%	3.30%
	Due date	03.12.2015	03.12.2015
	The loan can be repaid prematurely by the bank at each interest payment date The interest rate is a halfyearly variable coupon rate equal to the CIBOR rate published by Nasdaq OMX for a maturity of 6 months plus 2,80% pa.		
	Supplementary capital DKK 100 mio.	99,201	97,749
	Rate	8.00%	8.00%
	Due date	14.12.2017	14.12.2017
	With ECA accessed hands can be redeemed before most with an 14 December 2014		
	With FSA approval, bonds can be redeemed before maturity on 14 December 2014 On December 14, 2014, the interest rate is changed to a quarterly variable		
	coupon rate equal to the CIBOR rate published by Nasdaq OMX for a maturity		
	of three months plus 6,442% pa		
	Hybrid core capital DKK 70 mio.	70,000	70,000
	Rate	6.09%	6.09%
	Due date	No due date	No due date
	The loan can be repaid prematurely by the bank on the 1st May 2016.  On May 1 2016, the interest rate is changed to a quarterly variable coupon rate equal to the CIBOR rate published by Nasdaq OMX for a maturity of three months play	us 2 73% na	
		us 2.7570 pa.	
	Hybrid core capital DKK 65 mio	0	65,000
	Rate	0%	10.82%
	Due date		No due date
	The loan has been repaid prematurely by the bank on the 21st February 2013.		

<b>.</b>			
Note		<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
23	Subordinated debt (continued)		
	Subordinated debt total	269,201	358,475
	Subordinated debt that may be included in the capital base	219,201	320,975
	Costs related to admission	0 17,014	0 22,683
	interest on subordinated habilities recognised in income	17,014	22,003
24	Share capital	192,800	192,800
	The bank has pr. 31. December 2013 16,044 registered shareholders. 98.09 % of the share capital are registered on name.		
	Due to the optional Bank Package II, the bank has restricted dividends in the period with Dividends may only be paid to the extent that the benefits can be financed by the bank which constitute the distributable reserves, generated in the period after October 1, 201	's net profits after tax	
25	Own capital shares		
	Purchase and sales of own shares		
	Holdings beginning of the year		
	Number of own shares	79,890	97,102
	Nominal value of holding of own shares (DKK 1,000)	1,598 0.83	1,942 8.61
	Own shares proportion of share capital	0.63	0.01
	Addition		
	Number of own shares	714,411	77,223
	Nominal value of holding of own shares (DKK 1,000)	14,288 7.41	1,544 0.80
	Purchase price (DKK 1,000)	21,871	5,483
		,	3,.03
	Disposal		
	Number of own shares	785,451	94,435
	Nominal value of holding of own shares (DKK 1,000)	15,709 8.15	1,889 0.98
	Own shares proportion of share capital	21,187	7,123
	Sale price (SIRK 1,000)	21,107	7,123
	Holdings end of the year		
	Number of own shares	8,850	78,890
	Nominal value of holding of own shares (DKK 1,000)	177 0.09	1,598 0.83
	Own shares proportion of share capital	0.09	0.03
	At the annual meeting the bank asks the shareholders the permission to		
	acquire up to a total nominal value of 3 % of the banks share capital, refer to the		
	regulations in the Companies Act § 48.		
	The bank wish to receive this power, in order that the bank always is able to grant the requests from our customers and investors to buy respectively to sell shares in		
	Skjern Bank, and the net-purchase during 2013 is only in consequence hereof.		
26	Contingent liabilities		
	Contingent liabilities		
	Finance guarantees	55,338	56,694
	Guarantees against losses on mortgage credit loans	164,208	154,992
	Registration and conversion guarantees	81,976	82,309
	Other contingent liabilities	283,191	198,161
	Total	58 <i>4</i> 713	492 156

492,156

584,713

Note		2013	2012
26	Contingent liabilities (continued)  Other binding engagements  Irrevocable credit-undertakings	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
		75,767	22,085
	Total	75 767	22 085

### Assets pledged as collateral

From the security portfolio, the bank has pr. 31. December 2013 put as collateral for clearing with Danmarks Nationalbank, securities with a total market value of DKK 167 million. In addition, there is pledged loans for a total of DKK 134 million.

### **Contract Legal obligations**

As a member of Bankdata, the bank is due to a possible resgination required to pay a withdrawal benefit.

Like other Danish financial institutions, Skjern Bank is liable for loss sustained by the Deposit Guarantee Fund. The most recent calculation of Skjern Bank's share of the industry's assurances to the Deposit Guarantee Fund is 0.421 %.

The Bank is a tenant in three leases, two of which can be terminated with 6 months' notice, the yearly lease is 848 TDKK. The third lease is irrevocable until 31 December 2021, and the yearly lease is 1,807 TDKK.

### 27 Lawsuits etc.

As part of ordinary operations, the bank is involved in disputes and lawsuits. The bank's risk in these cases are evaluated by the bank's soliciters and management on an ongoing basis, and provisions are made on the basis of an evaluation of the risk of loss.

### 28 **Related parties**

Loans and warranties provided to members of the bank's management board, board of directors and committee of representatives are on marked-based terms.

### Transactions with related parties

There have during the year not been transactions with related parties, apart from wages and salaries, etc. and loans and similar. Wages and considerations to the bank's management board, board of directors, audit committee and committee of representatives can be found in note no. 6.

There are no related with control of the bank.

Amount of loans, mortgages, guarantees, with accompanying security for members of the management and related parties mentioned below.

Management: Loans Bid Bond Rate of interest	0 0 0.00%	0 0 0.00%
Board of directors: Loans	3,155	3.207
Bid Bond	2.240	2.240
Rate of interest/interest range	2.206-6.7325%	2.2595-6.72%
Holding of shares in Skjern Bank:		
The board of managers Per Munck	28,545	28,545
The board of directors	11,115	11.115
Hans Ladekjær Jeppesen Jens Okholm	13.022	13,022
Bjørn Jepsen	4,536	4.536
Finn Erik Kristiansen	2.748	2.748
Søren Dalum Tinggaard	955	0
Lars Sov Hansen	710	710
Lars Lerke	10,382	10,832

	2013	2012
	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
Capital requirement		
Core capital		
Equity	573,757	546,986
Revaluation reserve	-417	-417
Deferred tax assets	-35,984	-44,198
Hybrid core capital (applied)Hybrid core capital (applied)Half of equity investments in other financial companies in compliance	70,000	135,000
with law concerning financial activity	-43,383	-38,180
Core capital after statutory deduction	563,973	599,191
Subordinated debt	149,201	185,974
Hybrid core capital (remainder)	0	0
Revaluation reserves	417	417
Half of equity investments in other financial companies in compliance		
with law concerning financial activity	-43,383	-38,180
Capital base after deduction	670,207	747,404
Weighted items		
Risk-weighted exposure in total.	3,306,875	3,141,679
Weighted items with market risk	285,537	268,129
Weighted items with operational risk	429,598	419,148
Group write-downs	-21,689	-12,883
Weighted items total	4,000,321	3,816,073
Core capital	14.1	15.7
Solcency ratio	16.8	19.6

### 30 Current value of financial instruments

Note

29

Financial instruments are measured in the balance sheet at either current value or amortised cost price. The current value is the amount at which a financial asset can be sold or the amount at which a financial liability can be redeemed between agreed independent parties.

The current values of financial assets and liabilities valued on active markets are calculated on the basis of observed market prices on the balance sheet date. The current values of financial instruments which are not valued on active markets are calculated on the basis of generally recognised methods of valuation.

Shares etc. and derivative financial instruments are measured in the accounts at market value such that included book values correspond to current values.

The write-downs on loans are assessed such that they correspond to changes in credit quality. The difference from current value is assessed as fees and commissions received, costs incurred in lending activities, and, for fixed-interest loans, the value adjustment which is independent of the interest level and which can be calculated by comparing the actual market interest rate with the nominal rate applying to the loans.

The current value of claims on credit institutions and central banks is determined under the same method as for loans, but the bank has not currently made any write-downs on claims on credit institutions and central banks.

Issued bonds and subordinated debt are measured at amortised cost price. The difference between book and current values is calculated on the basis of prices on the market for own listed issues.

For variable-interest financial liabilities in the form of deposits and debts to credit institutions measured at amortised cost price, it is estimated that the book value corresponds to the current value.

For fixed-interest financial liabilities in the form of deposits and debts to credit institutions measured at amortised cost price, the difference from current values is estimated to be the value adjustment which is independent of interest level.

### 30 Current value of financial instruments (continued)

	31. decem	nber 2013	31. dece	ember 2012
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
Financial assets				
Cash in hand+claims at call on central banks	437,505	437,505	805,863	805,863
Claims on credit institutes and central banks 1)	16,573	16,573	22,094	22,094
Loans and other debtors at amort. costprice 1)	3,654,827	3,666,891	3,506,255	3,511,536
Bonds at current value 1)	829,219	829,219	1,282,909	1,282,909
Shares etc	219,516	219,516	203,258	203,258
Capital shares in associated companies	361	361	633	633
Capital shares in group companies	3,137	3,137	3,233	3,233
Derivative financial instruments	40,177	40,177	42,448	42,448
Total financial assets	5,201,315	5,213,379	5,866,693	5,871,974
Financial liabilities				
Debt to credit institutions and central banks 1)	416,095	416,396	399,899	400,213
Deposits and other debts	3,989,220	4,063,490	4,524,153	4,605,059
Issued bonds at amortised cost price 1) 2)	3,136	3,136	102,787	102,787
Derivative financial instruments	14,828	14,828	16,857	16,587
Subordinated debt 1) 2)	272,630	273,630	363,190	362,190
Total financial liabilities	4,695,909	4,771,480	5,406,616	5,486,836

<sup>1)</sup> The entry includes calculated interest on the balance sheet date, which is included in "Other assets" and "Other liabilities".

### 31 Risks and risk management

Skjern Bank is exposed to various types of risks which are controlled at various levels within the organisation. Skjern Bank's financial risks consist of:

### Credit risk

Risk of losses due to debtors' or counterparties' default on payment obligations.

### Market risk:

Risk of losses resulting from the fair value of financial instruments and derivative financial instruments fluctuating due to changes in market prices. Skjern Bank classifies three types of risk for the market risk area: Interest rate risk, equity risk and currency risk.

### Liquidity risk:

Risk of losses due to financing costs rising disproportionately, the risk that Skjern Bank is prevented from maintaining the adopted business model due to a lack of financing/funding or ultimately, the risk that Skjern Bank cannot honour incoming payment obligations when due as a result of a lack of financing/funding.

### Evaluation of securities:

The bank is exposed to the sectors agriculture and real-estate. The Bank has in the assessment of collateral in agricultural exposures used acres of arable land prices in the range of 90 TDKK - 125 TDKK. In the real-estate sector is used return requirement in the range 5% - 9%. Valuations in both agricultural exposures as real-estate exposures are made in accordance with the FSA's current guidance. The Bank notes that estimating the value of collateral is generally associated with uncertainty.

The following notes to the annual report contain some additional information and a more detailed description of the bank's credit- and market risks.

<sup>2)</sup> Applied the latest quoted trading price at the balance sheet date

32

Credit risks Loans and guarantees distributed on sectors	2013 (Pct)	2012 (Pct)
Public authorities	2.4	1.5
Business:		
Agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing		
- Plant production	1.4	1.6
- Cattle farming	6.7	7.1
- Pig farming	2.4	3.3
- Mink production	1.1	0.6
- Other agriculture	0.6	1.8
Industry and mining	5.3	4.8
Energy	5.5	2.7
Building and constructions	6.9	4.0
Wholesale	8.4	7.2
Transport, hotels and restaurants	1.8	2.0
Information and communication	0.2	0.3
Financial and insurance business	7.7	7.7
Real-esate	15.5	20.4
Other business	4.1	4.9
Total business.	67.6	68.4
Private persons	30.0	30.1
Total	100.0	100.0
•		

The industry breakdown is based on Danmarks Statistik's industry codes etc. Furthermore, an individual assessment is made of the individual exposures, which has resulted in some adjustment.

From the above sectoral distribution represents alternative energy 8.0 % in 2013 and 6.13 % in 2012.

### Maximum credit exposure classified by loan, guarantees and credit-undertakings

Public authorities	2013	2013	2013
	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
	Loans	Guarantees	Credit-undertakings
	92,955	14,075	0
	2,612,635	416,946	75,767
	941,539	153,691	0
	3,498,499	584,713	75,767
Which recognized in the balance after deduction of depreciation	4.231.842		
Public authorities	2012	2012	2012
	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
	Loans	Guarantees	Credit-undertakings
	48,168	10,22	0
	2,326,860	389,621	22,085
	1,123,471	92,513	0
	3,498,499	492,157	22,085
Which recognized in the balance after deduction of depreciation	3,990,655		

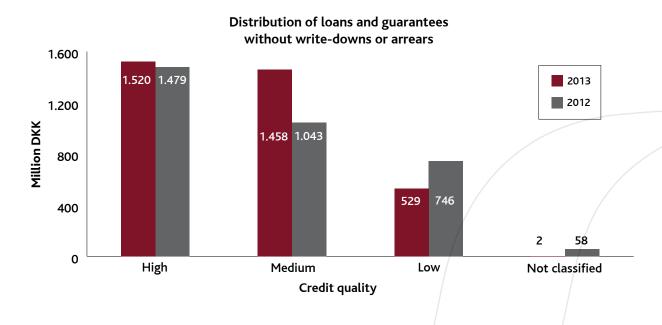
### 32 Credit risks (continued)

### Description of collateral

Security distribyted by type	<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)	<b>2013</b> (DKK 1,000)
	Public	Business	Private
Cocurities	authorities	114044	E2 02E
Securities	1,326	114,944	52,935
Real property	40,386	2,186,323	1,186,906
Chattels, vehicles and rolling stock	8,287	158,096	209,738
Other chattels	800	440,238	6,000
Guarantees	967	86,421	21,348
Other forms of security	2,567	71,374	53,396
•	54,333	3,057,396	1,530,323
Security distribyted by type	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000) Public	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000) Business	<b>2012</b> (DKK 1,000) Private
	authorities		
Securities	2,783	105,839	45,180
Real property	35,608	2,145,600	1,065,030
Chattels, vehicles and rolling stock	9,181	138,973	181,415
Other chattels	800	404.055	2,500
Guarantees	967	97.445	21,399
Other forms of security	2,167	131,656	63,264
	51,506	3,023,568	1,348,788

As a general rule, the bank is secured by financed assets and is also secured by sureties, mortgages and shares. The above listing refers to nominal securities, but transferable securities are recorded at fair value.

### Credit-quality on loans which are neither in arrears not written down\*



<sup>\*)</sup> Calculated based on the guidelines for accounting reports for credit institutions and investment companies, etc. regarding thresholds for reporting credit quality classes.

34,642

54,008

### Note

		2013	2012
		(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
32	Credit risks (continued)	·	

### Reasons for individual write-downs and provisions

	2013 Exposure before	2013	2013
	' write-down	Write-downs	Securities
Significant financial difficulties	341,871	110,831	132,170
Breach of contract	30,987	19,664	9,134
Reductions in terms	39,349	11,325	17,432
Probability of bankruptcy	. 251,277	79,627	130,213
Total	663,484	221,447	288,949

Reference is made to relevant sections on the bank's credit risk on loans on page 9 in the Danish management report.

	2012	2012	2012
	Exposure before		
	write-down	Write-downs	Securities
Significant financial difficulties	328,174	103,642	182,924
Breach of contract	. 43,958	23,834	32,846
Reductions in terms	. 39,677	15,005	23,774
Probability of bankruptcy	. 234,653	91,032	131,867
Total	646,462	233,513	371,411
Avecage amount for loans which have not been written down			
Arrears amount for loans, which have not been written down		18.525	42.827
0-90 days		,	,
>90 davs		16.117	11.181

### 33 Market risks and sensitivity information

In connection with Skjern Bank's monitoring of market risk, a number of sensitivity calculations, which include market risk variables, have been carried out.

### Interest rate risk

In the event of a general increase in interest rates by 1 percentage point in the form of a parallel shift of the yield curve, equity is affected as shown below

Interest rate risk on debt instruments etc - total	-7,356	-16,508
Interest rate risk in pct of core capital after deductions	-1.3	-2.8
Interest rate risk split in currencies with highest risk:		
DKK	-9,158	-15,406
CHF	-142	-188
EUR	1,989	-874
JPY	-43	-16
USD	0	-23
Others	-2	1
Total	-7,356	-16,506
Fausien auguspus viels	/	
Foreign currency risk  Total assets in foreign currency		743,506
Total liabilities in foreign currency	36,212	822,952

2013

2012

### Note

### 33

Market risks and sensitivity information (continued)	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)
In the event of a general change in exchange rates of 10%, and in the euro of 2.25%, Currency Indicator 1 will also be increased	903 0.2	5,405 0.9
In the event of a general change in exchange rates of 10%, and in the euro of 2.25%, Currency Indicator 2 will also be increased	4 0.0	5 0.0

Currency Indicator 1 represents the sum of the respective positions in the currencies in which the bank has a net asset position, and currencies where the bank has net debt.

Currency Indicator 2 expresses the bank's currency risk more accurately than indicator 1, as it takes into account the different currencies' volatility and covariation.

A value of indicator 2 of TDKK 25 means that as long as the bank does not change its currency positions in the following 10 days, there is a 1% chance that the institution will get a capital loss greater than TDKK 25, which will affect the bank's profit and equity.

### **Equity Risk**

If stock prices change by 10 percentage points, equity is affected as shown below.

Quoted on Nasdaq OMX Copenhagen A/S	2,909	1,992
Quoted on other stock exchanges	1,402	1,092
Unquoted shares recorded at fair value	16,621	16,240
Other shares	202	1,001
Total shares etc.	21,134	20,325

#### 34 **Derivate financial instruments**

Derivatives are used solely to hedge the bank's risks. Currency and interest rate contracts are used to hedge the bank's currency and interest rate risks. Cover may not be matched 100%, so the bank has own risk. However, this risk is minor.

	2013 Nominal	2013 Net market-	2013 Market- value	2013 Market- value	2012 Nominal	2012 Net market-	2012 Market- value	2011 Market- value
	value	value	positive	negative	value	value	postive	negative
Currency-contracts	value	value	positive	negative	value	value	postive	riegative
Up to 3 months	918,741	24,325	28,502	4,177	790,641	26,011	39,157	13,146
Over 3 months and up to 1 year	39,233	1,111	1,326	215				
Over 1 year and up to 5 years					2,264	193	193	
Over 5 years								
Average market value			27,821	3,547			29,611	2,863
_								
Interest-rate contracts								
Up to 3 months		2	20	18				
Over 3 months and up to 1 year	58,293	-108	3,277	3,385	17,185	15	811	796
Over 1 year and up to 5 years	133,063	8	6,193	6,185	219,974	-187	12,496	12,683
Over 5 years	5,730	-2	670	672	5,994	-1	890	891
Average market value			10,882	11,012			13,031	13,300
								/
Share contracts								
Up to 3 months							/	

Over 3 months and up to 1 year

Over 1 year and up to 5 years

Over 5 years

Average market value

Note				2013	2012
34	Derivate financial instruments (continued)	(DKK 1,000)	(DKK 1,000)		
	Credit risk on derivative financial instruments Positive market value, counterparty with risk weighti Positive market value, counterparty with risk weighti Positive market value, counterparty with risk weighti Total	ing of 20% ing of 100%		0 1,598 38,579 <b>40,177</b>	0 4,031 38,417 <b>42,448</b>
	<b>Unsettled spot transactions</b> DKK 1,000	Nominal value	Market- value Positive	Market- value Negative	Net market- value
	Foreign-exchange transactions, purchase Foreign-exchange transactions, sale Interest-rate transactions, purchase Interest-rate transactions, sale Share transactions, purchase	599 604 5,331 431 4,159	5 - 10 - 47	- 4 - 5 70	5 -4 10 -5 -23
	Share transactions, sale  Total 2013  Total 2012	4,172 <b>15,296</b> <b>35,637</b>	64 <b>126</b> <b>154</b>	51 <b>130</b> <b>320</b>	13 - <b>4</b> - <b>166</b>

### 35 **Coperative agreements**

Skjern Bank cooperates with, receives commission relating to paymnet transfers from, and is co-owner of some of the following companies:

Totalkredit A/S, Nykredit, DLR Kredit A/S, Privatsikring A/S, Eurocard, PFA Pension, Sparlnvest, A/S, Valueinvest Asset Management S.A., Investeringsforeningen Dexia Invest, BI Asset Management Fondsbørsmæglerselskab A/S, Jyske Invest, Forvaltningsinstituttet for Lokale Pengeinstitutter, Sydinvest A/S, Garanti Invest A/S, Investeringsforeningen Egns-Invest, HP Fondsbørsmæglerselskab A/S, Investeringsforeningen Danske Invest, Investeringsforeningen Maj Invest, Codan, Dankort A/S, Nets A/S, Bluegarden A/S, Visa International, Dansk Lokalleasing A/S and Deltaq A/S.

Note		2012	2012	2011	2010	2000
36	5 years in summary (DKK 1,000)	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	Profit and loss account					
	Net income from interest	160,505	153,006	161,046	158,120	167,948
	Dividend on shares	8,231	5,414	3,287	2,053	3,405
	Charges and commission, net	61,861	55,296	49,725	48,654	46,637
	Income from core business	230,597	213,716	214,048	208,827	217,990
	Value adjustments	16,236	8,096	94	21,835	29,311
	Other ordinary income	1,745	1,131	1,683	1,199	18,825
	Staff cost and admin. expenses	131,117	132,557	134,124	131,507	129,711
	Depreciation of intangible and tangible assets	4,047	3,709	3,578	2,535	4,078
	Other operating expenses	9,834	5,292	1,052	19,434	15,615
	- Contribution to the Guarantee Fund for deposits	9,127	4,843	1,052	6,148	85
	- Other operating expenses	707	449	0	13,286	15,530
	Write-downs on loans etc. (net)	67,073	69,204	52,181	73,085	218,119
	- Write-downs on loans and outstanding accounts e	tc. 67,073	69,204	52,181	62,831	207,868
	- Write-downs regarding first guarantee scheme	0	0	0	10,254	10,251
	Profit on equity investments in nonaffiliated and affiliated companies	-332	91	-14,208	-1,117	-892
	Operating result	36,175	12,272	10,692	4,183	-119,286
	Taxes	11,720	2,433	5,838	982	-28,443
	Profit for the year	24,455	9,839	4,854	3,201	-90,849
	Balance as per 31st December					
	summary					
	Total assets	5,317,982	6,004,480	5,249,140	5,496,049	4,988,301
	Loans and other receivables	3,647,129	3,498,499	3,526,544	3,623,212	3,677,046
	Guarantees etc	584,713	482,156	484,656	465,178	626,997
	Bonds	824,171	1,270,360	887,607	843,058	424,626
	Shares etc.	211,354	203,258	167,857	185,014	186,323
	Deposits and other debts.	3,956,740	4,499,426	3,509,897	6,569,671	2,990,783
	Subordinated debt	269,201	358,475	357,521	356,546	355,625
	Total equity	573,757	546,986	380,717	380,421	373,387
	- of which proposed dividend	0	0	0	0	0
	Capital Base	670,207	747,407	610,283	612,597	613,285

11010		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
37	Financial ratio (figures in pct.)					
	Solvency ratio	16.8	19.6	15.8	16.1	15.6
	Core capital ratio	14.1	15.7	11.1	11.2	10.4
	Return on equity before tax	6.5	2.7	2.8	1.1	-28.5
	Return on equity after tax	4.4	2.1	1.3	0.9	-21.7
	Earning/expense ratio in DKK	1.17	1.06	1.06	1.02	0.68
	Interest rate risk	-1.3	-2.8	0.0	1.0	1.3
	Foreign currency position	0.2	0.9	2.6	1.5	2.6
	Foreign currency risk	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Loans etc. against deposits	98.3	83.0	108.7	109.3	132.4
	Statutory liquidity surplus	144.6	265.6	159.8	198.3	124.3
	Total large commitments	23.2	13.1	34.8	38.5	88.2
	Loans and debtors at reduced interest	4.2	4.5	4.7	5.2	4.0
	Accumulated impairment ratio	5.4	5.8	6.8	6.4	6.4
	Impairment ratio for the year	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.7	4.7
	Increase in loans etc. for the year	4.1	-0.8	-1.8	-1.5	-2.5
	Ratio between loans etc. and capital funds	6.4	6.4	9.4	9.5	9.8
	(value per share 100 DKK)					
	Earnings per share	12.7	5.1	21.5	14.2	-439.6
	Book value per share	298	286	1,847	1,778	1,810
	Rate on Copenhagen Stock Exchange	220	120	403	800	900
	Dividend per share	0	0	0	0	0
	Market value/net income per share	17.3	23.5	18.7	56.4	-2.0
	Market value/book value	0.74	0.42	0.22	0.45	0.50



## Financial Calendar 2014

6th February Announcement of Annual Report 2013

3th March: General Meeting – Skjern Kulturcenter

1st May: Announcement of quarterly report 1st quarter 2014

14th August: Announcement of half-yearly report 2014

30th Ocotber: Announcement of quarterly report 3rd quarter 2014

2014



### Committee of representatives

Bente Tang, Hanning, Skjern, farmer, head of the committee of representatives Ole Strandbygaard, Ringkøbing, printer, vice-head of the committee of representatives Jørgen Søndergaard Axelsen, Skjern, real estate agent Jens Bruun, Viby J, Manager Ole Eg, Varde, consultant Kaj Eriksen, Vemb, police officer Jens Chr. Fjord, Skjern, former bicycle dealer Poul Frandsen, Herning sales manager Børge Lund Hansen, Skjern, manager Orla Varridsbøl Hansen, Tarm, manufacturer Tom Jacobsen, Tarm, manager Mike Jensen, Skjern, bookseller Niels Erik Kjærgaard, Skjern, city manager Dorte H. Knudsen, Hviding, Ribe, hospital nurce Tommy Noer, Esbjerg, technical teacher Torben Ohlsen, Tjæreborg, manager Jens Christian Ostersen, Stauning, farmer Jens Kirkegaard Pedersen, Hemmet self-employee Niels Chr. Poulsen, No, Ringkøbing, mink farmer Jesper Ramskov, Esbjerg, manager Christen Spangsberg Sørensen, Hanning, Skjern, farmer Poul Thomsen, Skjern, trader in men's clothing

### **Audit Committee**

Jens Okholm, Ribe, adviser Finn Erik Kristiansen, Varde, bookseller Lars Skov Hansen, Esbjerg, advisor, employee-selected

Carsten Thygesen, Skjern, manager

Jesper Ørnskov, Århus, manager

### Board of directors \*)

Hans Ladekjær Jeppesen, 59 years old, Skjern, lawyer, board chairman.

Elected in the board of directors in 2011, re-elected in 2013, up for election in 2015.

Jens Okholm, 65 years old, Ribe, adviser, board vice-

Elected in the board of directors in 2010, re-elected in 2012, up for election in 2014.

Bjørn Jepsen, 50 years old, Borris, farmer. Elected in the board of directors in 2012, up for election in 2015.

Finn Erik Kristiansen, 44 years old, Varde, bookseller. Elected in the board of directors in 2010, re-elected in 2012, up for election in 2014.

Søren Dalum Tinggaard, 44 years old, Randers, vice manager.

Elected in the board of directors in 2013, up for election in 2015.

Lars Skov Hansen, 40 years old, Esbjerg, advisor, employee-selected.

Elected in the board of directors in 2011, up for election in 2015.

Lars Lerke, 37 years old, Skjern, head of finance, employee-selected. Elected in the board of directors in 2012, up for elec-

### tion in 2015. Management

Per Munck, 59 years old, banking executive. Employed 1st November 1999



### List of board members' managerial offices

in companies as per December 31, 2013 Lawyer Hans Ladekjær Jeppesen: Manager of BVLHLI Holding ApS Boardchairman of Gråkjær Retail A/S Boardchairman of PE Trading A/S Boardchairman of Skautrup Holding A/S Boardchairman of Grønbjerg Grundinvest A/S Boardchairman of Byggefirmaet Ivan V. Mortensen A/S Boardchairman of LHI Invest A/S Boardchairman of Grey Holding 1 A/S Boardchairman of Grey Holding 2 A/S Boardchairman of Grey Partner A/S Boardchairman of Krogsgaard Kompagni A/S Boardchairman of Specialfabrikken Vinderup A/S Boardchairman of AP Company A/S Board member of Skjern Håndbold A/S Board member of Gråkjær A/S Board member of Gråkjær Ejendomme A/S Board member of Gråkjær Industribyg A/S Board member of Gråkjær Staldbyg A/S Board member of BS Invest af 1992 A/S Board member of Carl C A/S Board member of Carl C Ejendomme ApS Board member of Actona Company A/S Board member of AA Holding, Herning A/S Board member of Dahlholm Holding ApS

Board member of Grønbjerg Ejendomsselskab A/S

Board member of A/S VQX af 8. november 1986

Board member of Advokatpartnerselskabet Kirk Larsen

Board member of Spizy A/S

& Ascanius

Board member of AA Properties A/S

Board member of AA Ejendomme 1 A/S

Consultant Jens Okholm: Boardchairman af CN Maskinfabrik A/S Boardchairman of Logitrans A/S Boardchairman of Dansk Halbyggeri A/S Boardchairman of Dansk Halbyggeri Holding ApS Boardchairman of Hansen & Bay Byg A/S Boardchairman of Kalmargården A/S Board member of it-craft A/S

Bookseller Finn Erik Kristiansen: Manager and board member of Kristiansen Ejendomme

Manager of Bordin Holding ApS Boardchairman of Kristiansen Bog & Idé A/S Boardchairman of Flensborg A/S

Farmer Bjørn Jepsen Board member of Arla Foods AmbA Board member of Kvægafgiftsfonden Board member of Kvægbrugets Forsøgscenter Board member of Videnscenter for Landbrug - kvæg

Vice manager Søren Dalum Tinggaard Board member of AP Pension A/S Board member of Dan-list A/S

Banking executive Per Munck, Boardchairman of Knud Eskildsen Ejendomme A/S Board member of BankData Board member of Dansk Lokalleasing A/S, Bogense Board member of Value Invest Luxembourg S.A. Board member of Forvaltningsinstituttet for Lokale Pengeinstitutter Board member of Den erhvervsdrivende Fond Ringkøbing Fjord Innovationscenter



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